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PART III—Section 1

NOTIFICATIONS BY GOVERNMENT

CHIEF SECRETARIAT

No. G. 8458—Pt. 265-32-2, dated 6th June 1938.

The Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore are pleased to declare, under the provisions of section 4 of the Mysore Forest Regulation (XI of 1900), that it is proposed to constitute the area, the boundaries of which are described in the Schedule annexed, a State Forest under the provisions of the said Regulation.

2. The Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore are further pleased, under clause (c) of the said section, to appoint the Sub-Division Officer, Closepet Sub-Division, to be the Forest Settlement Officer, who shall inquire into and determine the existence, nature and extent of any rights claimed by, or alleged to exist in favour of, any person or over land comprised within such limits, or to any forest produce of such land, and to deal with the same as provided in Chapter II of the said Regulation, and the District Forest Officer of the Bangalore District for the time being, to attend on behalf of Government to assist the Forest Settlement Officer in the inquiry.

3. The Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore are further pleased, under the authority vested in them by Section 15 of the said Regulation, to appoint the Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District, for the time being, to be the Officer of the Revenue Department who shall hear appeals from the orders of the Forest Settlement Officer under Sections 10, 11, 12, 13 and 14 of the Regulation.

Schedule.

District	Taluk	Hobli	Village	Area	Name of Block	Situation
Bangalore	Closepet	Kasaba	Archikanhalli	S. No. K. 91 A 57 S 85	Hulmantige Plantation	This block is situated at a distance of about 8 miles south-west of Closepet Town on the right side of Bangalore-Mysore road.

Boundaries.

North.—Demarcation line of Dodmannigudde State Forest.

East.—Survey Nos. 89 and 90 of Archikanhalli village.

South.—Bangalore-Mysore road.

West.—The Eastern Boundary of Vandarguppe village.

No. G. 8502—Pt. 96-31-11, dated 8th June 1938.

The Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore are pleased to declare under the provisions of section 80 of the Mysore Forest Regulation (XI of 1900) that the area, the boundaries of which, are set forth in the annexed schedule shall cease to be included in the Sindagere State Forest as constituted in Government Order No. I. O. 6864—Pt. 117-22-15, dated 3rd May 1924.

Schedule.

District	Taluk and Hobli	Villages affected	Approximate area of lands thrown out
Kadur	Ohikmagalur Taluk, Lakkya Hobli.	1. Devagondanahalli 2. Kabbligarahalli 3. Sindagere 4. Mallammanahalli 5. Konthal	2.48 sq. miles (calculated as per planimetre) or 1,637 acres.

Boundaries.

North.—Starting from a point on the northern boundary of Survey No. 25 of Devagondanahalli Village which is 27 chains north-east of the north-western corner of the same survey number, the line runs north-east and follows the northern boundary of the same survey number, i.e., till it meets its north-east corner; then it turns slightly south-east and runs through Survey No. 11 of the same Village and Survey No. 32 of Kabbligarahalli and runs for a distance of about 86 chains to a point which is 5 chains north-west of the south-west corner of Survey No. 88 of Kabbligarahalli and then the line turns north and runs parallel to the boundaries of Survey Nos. 33, 34, 45 and 50 of the same Village at a distance of 5 chains in each case till it meets the foot-path going from Kalyanakatte to Kabbligarahalli Village site. It then follows the above foot-path till it meets the existing demarcation line of Sindagere State Forest.

East.—Existing demarcation line of Sindagere State Forest.

South.—Existing demarcation line of Sindagere State Forest.

West.—Existing demarcation line of Sindagere State Forest till it meets the starting point.

The boundaries of Sindagere State Forest after the above disafforestation will be as shown below:

North.—Starting at a point on the eastern boundary line of Survey No. 39 of Kyathanbid about 6 chains north from the trijunction bundhs of Kyathanbid, Lakkammanahalli Kaval and Kanivehalli Village, the line runs north-east in a straight line for about 95 chains leaving a margin of 5 chains on the southern side of new Survey Nos. 131, 130, 129, 128, 127, 126, 125, 124, 123, 122, 121, 120, 119, 118, 117, 116, 115, 114, 113, 112, 111, 110, 109, 108, 107, 106, 105, 104, 103, 102, 101, 100, 99, 98, 97, 96, 95, 94, 93, 92, 91, 90, 89, 88, 87, 86, 85, 84, 83, 82, 81, 80, 79, 78, 77, 76, 75, 74, 73, 72, 71, 70, 69, 68, 67, 66, 65, 64, 63, 62, 61, 60, 59, 58, 57, 56, 55, 54, 53, 52, 51, 50, 49, 48, 47, 46, 45, 44, 43, 42, 41, 40, 39, 38, 37, 36, 35, 34, 33, 32, 31, 30, 29, 28, 27, 26, 25, 24, 23, 22, 21, 20, 19, 18, 17, 16, 15, 14, 13, 12, 11, 10, 9, 8, 7, 6, 5, 4, 3, 2, 1, 0. The line then turns slightly south-east and follows the western boundary of Survey No. 51 of the same Village. The line then turns slightly south-east and follows the western boundary of Survey No. 15 of the same Village for a length of 9 chains. It then turns slightly north-east and runs for about 83 chains through Survey Nos. 15 and 14 of the same village to a point on the common boundary between Beeranahalli and Sirabadagi Villages about 25 chains south-east from the south-east corner of Survey No. 13 of Beeranahalli; then the line again turns slightly north-east and runs for about 22 chains through Survey No. 11 of Sirabadagi to the south-western corner of Survey No. 17 of the same Village; then the line follows the southern boundary of the said survey number to its south-east corner. The line then turns north-east and runs for about 57 chains through Survey Nos. 37 of Sirabadagi and 49 of Somikatte Village to a point about 14 chains south-east from the trijunction bundhs of Hulikere, Sirabadagi and Somikatte Villages. The line again runs north-east for about 40 chains through Survey No. 49 of the last named village to a point about 5 chains south-west from the north-west corner of Survey No. 50. The line then turns south-east for about 88 chains through Survey No. 49 to a point about 5 chains south-west from the south-west corner of Survey No. 35 of Somikatte Village. The line then turns slightly south-east and runs for about 24 chains through Survey Nos. 49 and 10 of Somikatte Village to a point about 10 chains south-west from the south-east corner of Survey No. 35. The line then turns slightly north-east and runs for about 38 chains through Survey No. 10 to a point about 5 chains south-east from the south-east corner of Survey No. 38 of Somikatte Village. The line then runs north-east for about 79 chains through Survey No. 10 to a point about 10 chains east from the south-east corner of Survey No. 8. The line then runs slightly north-west for about 20 chains to a point on the common boundary between Katamaranahalli and Somikatte Villages about 5 chains south-east from the north-east corner of Survey No. 9 of the latter village. The line then runs east along the common boundary between Katamaranahalli and Somikatte Villages to the quadrojunction bundhs of the above

named two villages and Hallikere Kaval and Jodi-Lingadahalli Villages. The line then turns south-west and follows the common boundary between Somikatte and Jodi-Lingadahalli Villages to the quadrejunction bundhs of the above two Villages and Bidari and Buchenahalli Kaval. The line then runs slightly north-east along the common boundary between Jodi Lingadahalli and Bidari Villages to the two hotte bundhs situated at about 30 chains north-west from the north-west corner of Survey No. 14 of Bidari Village.

East.—The boundary line remains unaltered.

South.—The line then turns west and follows the common boundary between Buchenahalli Kaval on the one side and Jodi Inam Machenahalli, Inam Hosahalli and Inam Belavadi Villages on the other to the south-east corner of Survey No. 53 of Sindagere. The line then runs north-west along the common boundary between Buchenahalli Kaval and Sindagere Villages to the north-east corner of Survey No. 52 of the latter village. Then the line runs in the same direction for about 47 chains through Survey No. 3 of Buchenahalli Kaval to the north-east corner of Survey No. 165 of Sindagere; then the line again runs in the same direction for about 37 chains through Survey No. 3 of Buchenahalli Kaval and 80 of Kabbligarahalli to the northernmost corner of Survey No. 198 of Sindagere. Then the line runs north-west for about 60 chains through Survey No. 30 of Buchenahalli Kaval to a point about 6 chains north-east from the north-east corner of Survey No. 12 (tank) of Buchenahalli village. The line then runs north-west for about 82 chains through Survey No. 11 of Sindagere and 80 of Kabbligarahalli to a point about 5 chains north from the north-east corner of Survey No. 8 of Kabbligarahalli Village. Then it runs west for about 24 chains to a point about 5 chains north-west from the north-west corner of Survey No. 7 of the same village. It then runs south-west for about 25 chains through Survey Nos. 30 and 32 to a point about 5 chains north-west from the north-west corner of Survey No. 47 of the same village. The line then runs south-west for about 15 chains to a point about 5 chains west from the south-west corner of Survey No. 47. The line then runs south-east for about 20 chains to a point about 5 chains south-west from the north-west corner of Survey No. 48 of the same Village. Then the line runs slightly south-east for about 8 chains through Survey No. 46 to a point about 10 chains north-east of the north-east corner of Survey No. 50 of the same Village. Then the line runs north-east and joins the foot-path from Kabbligarahalli Village site to Kalyanakatte. The line then turns slightly south-west and follows the above foot-path to a point about 5 chains north of the north-eastern corner of Survey No. 50 of Kabbligarahalli Village. The line then turns west and runs parallel to the boundaries of Survey Nos. 50, 45, 34 and 33 of the same Village at a distance of 5 chains from the above boundaries to a point 5 chains north-west of the south-western corner of Survey No. 33. The line then turns slightly north-west and runs through Survey No. 32 of Kabbligarahalli and 11 of Devagondanahalli to the north-east corner of Survey No. 25 of Devagondanahalli. Running in the same direction the line then follows the northern boundary of Survey No. 25 of Devagondanahalli to a point 27 chains north-east of its north-western corner.

West.—The line then turns north-west and runs through Survey No. 40 of Kanivehalli to a point on the common boundary between Kanivehalli and Lakkammanahalli Kaval which is 5 chains south-east of the north-eastern corner of Survey No. 41 of Kanivehalli Village. The line then turns north-west and follows the common boundary between Kanivehalli and Lakkammanahalli Kaval to the trijunction bundhs of Kanivehalli, Kyathanbid and Lakkammanahalli Kaval. The line then turns north and follows the common boundary between Kyathanbid and Lakkammanahalli Kaval to the starting point.

No. G. 8640—Mily. 96-32-11, dated 13th June 1938.

COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION FOR ENTRY TO THE INDIAN MILITARY ACADEMY.

The following notice dated 10th May 1938, received from the Secretary, Public Service Commission, Simla, calling for applications for a Competitive Examination to be held in Delhi on Monday the 16th October 1938, for entry to the Indian Military Academy, Dehra Dun in the term beginning on the 1st February 1939, is published for general information. Candidates of the Mysore State, who desire to appear at the above examination are required to submit one copy of the application in the prescribed form with the necessary documents, to the Chief Secretary to Government, so as to reach him on or before the 25th June 1938, and the other copy to the Secretary, Public Service Commission, Simla, from whom copies of the application form, rules, syllabus etc., may be obtained.

NOTICE.

A Competitive Examination will be held in Delhi, on Monday the 16th October 1938, and subsequent days, for entry to the Indian Military Academy, Dehra Dun, in the term beginning on the 1st February 1939.

2. At this examination 15 vacancies will be offered for entry to the Indian Military Academy. The Governor-General in Council, however, reserves to himself the right to fill the last three of these vacancies by nomination from among those who have qualified but failed to obtain sufficient marks to secure one of the first 12 vacancies.

3. The examination will be the same for all arms of the Indian Army, i.e., Cavalry, Artillery, Signals, Engineers and Infantry. Those cadets who wish to elect for the Artillery, Engineers and Signals will be permitted to do so during their course at their Academy.

4. Candidates must be over 18 and under 20 years of age on the 1st November 1938, unmarried and domiciled in India. A candidate who desires to appear at the examination is required to submit his application in the prescribed form with the necessary documents on or before the 1st July 1938, in accordance with the instructions given on that form. Copies of the Application Form, together with the rules relating to the examination, may be obtained from the Secretary to the Public Service Commission, Simla. *Requisitions received less than ten days before the last date for the submission of applications will not be complied with.*

5. Applications should be sent by registered post. If a candidate fails to register his application, he does so at his own risk. If a candidate desires an acknowledgment, he should also send his application "acknowledgment due."

By Order,

B. RANGA RAO,

Chief Secretary to Government.

DEVELOPMENT SECRETARIAT

No. R. 6505—R. M. 2-32-149, dated 5th—7th June 1938.

Under Rule 2 of the Rules issued in Government Order No. R. 14-25—L. S. 143-24-74, dated 3rd October 1925, as amended by Government Order No. R. 4229-40—L. R. 489-26-4, dated 1st December 1927, the tracts forming the atchhats of the tanks noted below in Goribignur Taluk are declared entitled to remission of half wet assessment during the year 1932-38.

1. Doddakurugodu

3. Kudumalkunte

2. Gowdasandra

No. R. 6552—L. S. 4-32-25, dated 12th June 1938.

Under section 286 of the Mysore Land Revenue Code, Regulation No. IV of 1888, the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore are pleased to authorise the extension of the provisions of chapters VIII to X of the said Code to the village of Mahal Jodi Rangiana Agrahara in the Taluk of Malur.

By Order,

S. ABDUL WAJID,

Secretary to Government,
Development Department.

FINANCIAL SECRETARIAT

No. 1753—Mus. 234-32-3, dated 6th—9th June 1938.

The following gentlemen are appointed as members of the Committee for the management of the affairs of the Ayurvedic and Unani College, Mysore—

(1) Mr. D. B. Visvambariah (vice Dharmaparakasa Mr. Banumiah, deceased).

(2) Mr. Aga Abbas Shustri, Professor of Arabic and Persian, Mysore University, (vice Mr. V Subramanya Iyer, resigned).

No. P. 6557—G. F. 172-32-2, dated 12th June 1938.

The Government of His Highness the Maharaja are pleased to declare that the provisions of sub-section 1 of section 6 of the Mysore Government Securities Regulation, 1925, shall apply to (1) Political Resident, Western Rajaputana States, and (2) Finance Member, Marwar State Council.

No. Fl. 6213—G. F. 156-32-7, dated 25—26th May 1938.

The Government of His Highness the Maharaja are pleased to direct that, with effect from 1st July 1938, and until further orders, interest at Three and one-eighth per cent per annum, be allowed on deposits in the Government Saving Banks, the special rate of interest at four per cent per annum, now being allowed on deposits which are kept for a whole financial year, being discontinued from that date.

2. Notification No. Fl. 3144—G. F. 98-32-2, dated 7th December 1932, will be cancelled from 1st July 1938.

By Order,

S. SHAMANNA,

Financial Secretary to Government.